

SD 38 K-12 Mathematics & Numeracy

Kindergarten – Grade Two: Week Ten

Big Idea: Analyzing data and chance enables us to compare and interpret information.

Curricular Content: likelihood of familiar life events, concrete or pictorial graphs

Curricular Competencies: use reasoning to explore and make connections, develop, demonstrate, and apply mathematical understanding through play, inquiry and problem solving, communicate mathematical thinking in many ways, explain and justify mathematical ideas and decisions, reflect on mathematical thinking

Core Competencies focus: Critical and Reflective Thinking

Teachers and Families: The following are five problems/tasks to choose from for this week, based on the above curricular areas of focus.

Create a concrete graph with a collection of items such as books, toys, rocks, utensils. How could you sort them – by colour, shape, size, type? Organize and count each group.

How could you record and share your findings?

What questions could you ask about your graph?



Here is the weather forecast for a week. What do you think the chances are of it snowing on Saturday?

What weather do you predict for Saturday? What words could you use to describe your thinking – likely, unlikely, more likely, less likely, equally likely, a chance, not a chance, possible, impossible?

Mon 06/01	Tue 06/02	Wed 06/03	Thu 06/04	Fri 06/05
Mainly sunny	Sunny	A Few showers	A mix of sun and clouds	Cloudy with showers
				
17°	17°	17°	17°	17°

Choose three colours. Using tallies, walk around your home or neighbourhood and count and record how many things you see that has one of the three colours. Create a chart or picture to show your findings.

What colour was the most common? Why do you think that is?

Write or draw a math story about three unlikely events that could happen in your home. For example, what are the chances of a giraffe walking through your door? Be creative and use math language in your story.

Numeracy Task:

Design a math game that is based on chance. For example, a chance game often involves rolling dice, using a spinner or playing cards – it is chance what number you will roll or spin or what cards you will receive. It could be a dice or card game or a gameboard. Think about what your family's interests are and what they would enjoy playing. Draw or write instructions for your game, teach it to someone and play it. Ask for feedback on your game and think about how you could improve it.

Core Competencies

Reflection and Self-Assessment

As you design a math game, you were asked to think about what your family's interests are and use that information to inform your design decisions and then to reflect on their feedback. This is an important part of developing your competency in Critical and Reflective Thinking.

 <p>Critical & Reflective Thinking</p>	<p><i>How is analyzing and reflecting on data or information connected to mathematics?</i></p>
<p>Share an example of how mathematics helps you think about, analyze and investigate information and problems.</p> <p><i>For example, think of a time when you asked questions, made predictions or gathered information to make a decision or judgment.</i></p>	
<p>When completing a math task or solving a problem, what do you do to reflect on your learning? What goals do you have for your math learning?</p>	